Volume 17 Study G-I

STATE OF ALASKA

Jay S. Hammond, Governor



Annual Performance Report for

INVENTORY AND CATALOGING INTERIOR ALASKA

by

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RESEARCH PROJECT SEGMENT

State: Alaska Name: Sport Fish Investigations

of Alaska

Project No.: F-9-8

Study No.: G-I Study Title: INVENTORY AND CATALOGING

Job No.: G-I-N Job Title: Inventory and Cataloging

of Interior Alaska Waters, Chandalar River Drainage

Period Covered: July 1, 1975 to June 30, 1976

ABSTRACT

This report presents the results of the first year of investigations of waters in the Chandalar River drainage. Six lake and two stream surveys were conducted. Survey data include physical, chemical, and biological features. Access status, angler usage, and recommended management programs are also discussed. A second year of investigations is planned to complete surveys in this drainage.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1. To continue inventory and catalog surveys on lakes and streams in the Chandalar River drainage.
- 2. To complete a report on the sport fishery resources of the Chandalar River drainage.

OBJECTIVES

- 1. To review and utilize existing data on sport fish and sport fish waters of the Chandalar River drainage.
- 2. To determine the environmental characteristics and sport fish parameters of waters in the job area.
- 3. To compile a report on the sport fish and sport fish water in the Chandalar River drainage.

TECHNIQUES USED

Graduated mesh monofilament gill nets 125' x 6' made from five panels with mesh sizes varying from 1/2" to 2 1/2" bar measure were used to sample the fish populations in lakes. Hook and line or visual observations were used to supplement the net returns.

All fish captured were measured for fork length in inches and for weight in pounds; and a scale or otolith was taken for future age determination.

Water analyses were conducted on surface samples. Chemical analysis was done with a Hach model AL-36-WR kit. Water chemistry parameters measured include: (pH), methyl orange (total) alkalinity (MOA), and hardness. A Lowrance echo sounder was used to determine or verify water depths.

Surface acreages were determined with a polar planimeter from 1:250,000 scale topographic maps.

Temperature profiles were taken using a remote sensor thermometer. Visibility measurements were taken using a standard Secchi disc.

INTRODUCTION

The area of study encompasses the entire Chandalar River drainage (Fig. 1 and 2). There has been very little survey work done in this area in the past. The work that has been done is being compiled and will be included in the job completion report. Two lakes, Big and Twin, are actually contained in the Koyukuk River drainage but were surveyed due to their proximity to the Chandalar region and the Trans Alaska pipeline haul road.

Fish species in this study are listed in Table 1.

Information on past survey work in this area is contained in Federal Aid in Fish Restoration, Project F-5-R-9, Job number 15-A.

FINDINGS

Lake Surveys

Name of Lake: Chandalar Lake River System: Chandalar R.

Latitude: 67° 30' Longitude: 148° 30' Elevation: 1,815' Surface acres: 5,734 Maximum depth: 115'

Water Chemistry:

Date: 7-31-75
Water Temp: 58°F
pH: 8.0
M.O. Alkalinity: 86
Total Hardness: 103

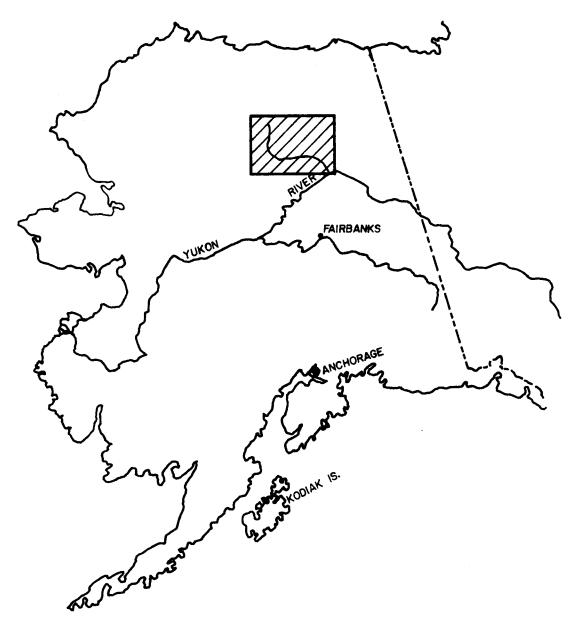
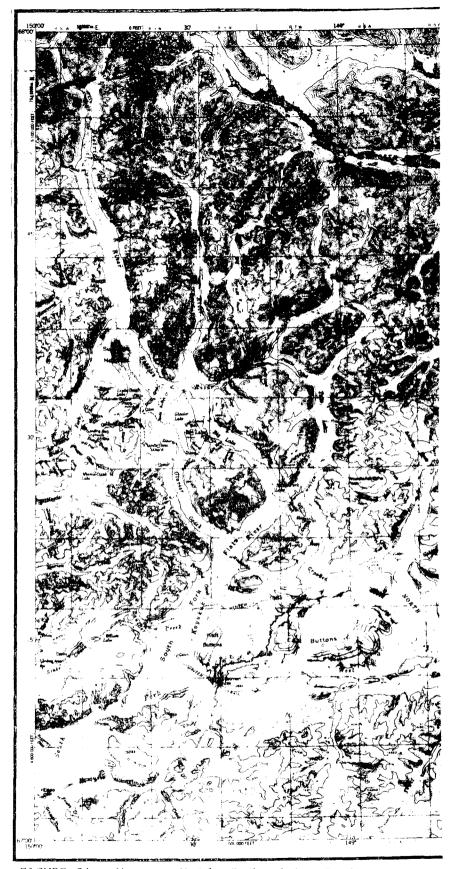


FIGURE 1: Location of Chandalar Drainage



F1GURE 2A: Western Half of Chandalar Drainage



FIGURE 2B: Eastern Half of Chandalar Drainage

Table 1. List of fish commonly found in the study area.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Abbreviation
Round whitefish	Prosopium cylindraceum (Pallas)	RWF
Arctic grayling	Thymallus arcticus (Pallas)	GR
Lake trout	Salvelinus namaycush (Walbaum)	LT
Humpback whitefish	Coregonus pidschian (Gmelin)	HWF
Broad whitefish	Coregonus nasus (Pallas)	RWF
Longnose sucker	Catostomus catostomus (Forster)	LNS
Northern pike	Esox lucius Linnaeus	NP
Least cisco	Coregonus sardinella alenciennes	s LCI
Slimy sculpin	Cottus cognatus Richardson	SSC

Fish sampling summary: Chandalar Lake

			Leng	th (in)	Weight (lbs) Fish,		
Date	No.	Species	Range	mean	Range	Mean	Net hr.
7-29-75	6	RFW	10.8-14.8	13. 0	0.25-1.0	0.7	0.22
	1	GR	•••	4.3	• • •	• • •	0.04
	4	LT	20.1-21.3	20.9	2.5-3.25	2.9	0.18
	1	LT	•••	9.3	• • •		
	7	HWF	9.8-18.5	15.2	0.5-3.0	1.6	0.26
	1	BWF	•••	19.7		2.0	0.04
7-30-75	3	RWF	4.1-14.4	8.2			0.03
	14	GR	4.7-16.1	9.3			0.15
	8	LT	10.8-19.7	15.2	0.25-3.0	1.2	0.08
	26	HWF	4.1-19.3	12.0	0.25-4.0	1.0	0.27
	1	S		15.7			0.01
	3	NP	15.0-27.2	19.6	0.5-5.0	2.2	0.03
				Length	(in)	Fis	
Date		No.	Species	Range	Mean	Net	hr.
7-19-67		3	LT	17.4-23.2	19.8	0.	13
		5	LCI	6.1-7.4	6.8	0.	21
		5	HWF	6.1-18.5	11.2	0.	21

Sport fishing was good off points of land and near and in the outlet of lake. The lake has light fishing pressure during the open water season and most fishing occurs by the airstrip and at the lake outlet. The gravel airstrip is capable of handling large aircraft. Placid Oil Company has camp facilities adjacent to the airstrip and maintains the runway in cooperation with the F.A.A. There are five inlets to the lake, one of these, the North Fork of the Chandalar River, is very silty. The lake is slightly turbid due to the inflow of silt from the North Fork. Visibility at the outlet end of the lake is down to only 10'. The lake has one outlet, the continuation of the North Fork of the Chandalar River. The outlet was fished for about 1/2 mile downstream and yielded good grayling fishing. Lake trout reportedly are caught in the outlet close to the lake.

Chandalar Lake was visited in 1967 by sport fish personnel and their test net results are found in the fish sampling summary below.

Name of Lake: Squaw Lake

Latitude: 67° 35' Longitude: 148° 15'

Surface acres: 1,229

Water Chemistry:

Date: 7-31-75
Water Temp: 59°F
pH: 7.8
M.O. Alkalinity: 51
Total Hardness: 86

Fish sampling summary:

River System: Chandalar R. Elevation: Approx. 2,100'

Maximum depth: 45'

			Length	Length (in)		lbs)	Fish/
Date	No.	Species	Range	Mean	Range	Mean	Net hr
8-01-75	9	HWF	16.7-19.3	17.6	2.1-3.4	2.6	0.38
		SSC	(visually o	bserved)			
1967	3	LT	18.0-23.5	21.0	1.7-4.2	3.0	*
	5	NP	24.0-36.0	29.9	3.1-10.7	7.1	*
	22	GR	6.6-14.2	10.2		• • •	*

^{*} These fish were caught on hook and line.

Squaw Lake flows into the North Fork of the Chandalar River approximately 9 miles North of Chandalar Lake. The lake was slightly turbid at survey time with a visibility down to 16'. The lake has three inlets and one outlet. There is an airstrip close to the lake but it apparently is private and used in conjunction with mining activities in the hills surrounding the lake. Sport fishing at the time of survey yielded no fish.

Name of Lake: Ackerman Lake

Latitude: 67° 32' Longitude: 147° 32'

Surface acres: 1,843

Water Chemistry:

Date: 7-30-75
Water Temp: 62°F
pH: 8.5
M.O. Alkalinity: 68
Total Hardness: 86

River System: Chandalar R. Elevation: Approx. 1,700'

Maximum depth: 60'

Fish sampling summary:

			Length (in) Weight (lbs)			Length (in) Weight (lbs)		Fish/
Date	No.	Species	Range	Mean	Range	Mean	Net hr	
7-31-75	8	RWF	15.4-18.7	16.9	1.0-2.5	1.6	0.27	
	5	RWF	5.1-7.1	5.6	• • •	• • •		
	11	GR	4.3-12.6	8.3	• • •		0.23	
	5	LT	15.7-17.7	16.5	• • •		0.10	
		HWF	(visually o	bserved)				

Ackerman Lake sits on the divide between the Middle Fork and the East Fork of the Chandalar River. Fish species include round whitefish, grayling, lake trout, and humpback whitefish. Sport fishing with hook and line from shore yielded no fish. There are no inlets in Ackerman Lake and there is one outlet that flows into the Middle Fork of the Chandalar River. There is very light fishing pressure on Ackerman Lake. Ackerman is a fairly clear lake with visibility down to 30'.

Name of Lake: Vunittsieh Lake

Latitude: 67°32'30" Longitude: 147°24'

Surface acres: 614

Water Chemistry:

Date: 7-30-75
Water Temp: 65°F
pH: 8.0
M.O. Alkalinity: 68
Total Hardness: 68

Fish sampling summary:

River System: Chandalar R. Elevation: Approx. 1,700'

Maximum depth: 65'

			Length	(in)	Weight (Fish/	
Date	No.	Species	Range	Mean	Range	Mean	Net hr
7-31-75	3	NP	15.4-32.0	21.3	1.0-7.0	3.0	0.06

Sport fishing from shore yielded no fish at the time of survey. Vunittsieh Lake sits on the divide between the East Fork and the North Fork of the Chandalar River. There are no inlets and the outlet stream flows into the East Fork. This is a very scenic lake with a very sculptured shoreline. Only northern pike were captured during gill netting but further work should be done to determine if other fish species inhabit the lake. The lake has a visibility to 17'.

Name of Lake: Big Lake

Latitude: 67° 30' Longitude: 149° 26' 30"

River System: Koyukuk

Surface acres: 2,253

Elevation: 1,710' Maximum depth: 67'

Water Chemistry:

Date:

8-1-75

Water Temp:

63°F

8.5

M.O. Alkalinity:

120

Total Hardness:

137

Fish sampling summary:

·	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Length	Length (in)		Weight (lbs)		
Date	No.	Species	Range	Mean	Range	Mean	Net hr	
8-01-75	1	LT	• • •	12.8	• • •	2.0	0.02	
	3	LCI	10.6-11.2	10.9	0.5 -0.6	0.5	0.06	
	7	NP	14.0-28.7	23.1	0.75-6.5	3.9	0.15	

This very scenic lake is the closest of those surveyed to the Trans Alaska Pipeline haul road but, according to locals, there has been no significant increase in fishing pressure on this very productive lake. Sport fishing pressure remains light and a small, one family subsistence fishery occurs. The lake had visibility down to 24' and has six inlets and one outlet to the Koyukuk River via the Bettles River. Sport fishing from the floats of the survey plane at the time of survey yielded no fish.

Name of Lake: Twin Lakes

River System: Koyukuk R.

Latitude: 67° 30' Longitude: 149° 04'

Elevation:

Northernmost L.=2,096'

Southernmost L.=2,105'

Surface acres: 2,355 (Both lakes combined)

Maximum depth:

Southernmost L.=150'

Water Chemistry:

Date:

7-31-75

pH:

7.8

M.O. Alkalinity:

51

Total Hardness:

68

Fish sampling summary:

			Length	Length (in)		Weight (1bs)	
Date	No.	Species	Range	Mean	Range	Mean	Net hr
8-01-75	1	GR	• • •	12.4	• • •	0.75	0.02
	6	RWF	5.9-14.9	12.3	0.1-1.5	0.9	0.12
	6	LT	15.7-32.6	22.3	1.4-15.5	5.6	0.12

These very scenic lakes are connected by an active creek channel. Only the southernmost lake was surveyed, but due to the creek connection it was assumed both lakes have comparable fish populations. The lake drops off to 90' just a few feet from shore and a maximum depth of 150' was recorded. The lakes receive light sport fishing pressure and sport fishing appears to be good to excellent. No lake trout were caught on hook and line but four grayling were caught soon after fishing began. These grayling ranged in length from 11.8" to 15.7" with a mean of 13.3". They ranged in weight from 0.25 lbs. to 1.25 lbs. with a mean of 0.6 lbs. Gill netting produced six lake trout averaging 5.6 lbs. along with grayling and round white-fish. It is recommended that more intensive study be done on these lakes in the future.

Stream Surveys

Name of Stream: North Fork of Chandalar R. River System: Chandalar R.

(outlet of Chandalar L.)

Latitude: 67° 28' Longitude: 148° 39' Average depth: 4'-5'

Water Chemistry:

Date: 7-29-75
Water Temp: 58°F
pH: 8.0
M.O. Alkalinity: 86
Total Hardness: 103

Fish sampling summary:

Grayling fishing was excellent in the outlet stream of Chandalar Lake with a catch rate of five grayling per hour. These grayling ranged in length from 9.3" to 12.4" with a mean of 11". Lake trout are also reportedly caught in the outlet. The area within 1/2 mile from Chandalar Lake is the section of stream fished by sport fishermen. The outlet is very clear and has many pools and riffles and it averages 50'-60' in width and has a 4'-5' average depth.

Name of Sream: North Fork of Chandalar R. River System: Chandalar R.

(inlet of Chandalar L.)

Latitude: 67° 33' Longitude: 148° 29' Maximum depth: 10'

Water Chemistry:

Date: 7-29-75 pH: 8.0 M.O. Alkalinity: 103 Total Hardness: 137

Fish sampling summary:

No fishing was attempted in this very silty inlet stream to Chandalar Lake. The average width of this stream is 50' and flow is approximately 1 cfs. The deepest channel had 10' of depth.

LITERATURE CITED

Roguski, E. A., and E. C. Spetz. 1968. Inventory and cataloging of the sport fish and sport fish waters in the Interior of Alaska. Alaska Department of Fish and Game. Annual Report of Progress. 1967-1968. Project No. F-5-R-9. 9(15-A):265-285.

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